## CLAIMS

## What is Claimed:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325;
- (b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325;
- (c) sequences consisting of at least 20 contiguous residues of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325;
- (d) sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325, under moderately stringent conditions:
- (e) sequences having at least 75% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325;
- (f) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325; and
- (g) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325.
- 2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) sequences encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (b) sequences having at least 70% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and

- (c) sequences having at least  $90^{\circ}$  o identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 3. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to an expression control sequence.
- A. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim  $\beta$ .
- 5. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2.
- 6. A method for detecting the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
  - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide of claim 2;
- detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value and therefrom determining the presence of a cancer in the patient.
- 7. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 2.
- 8. An oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-86, 142-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316, 317 and 325 under moderately stringent conditions.

- 9. A method for stimulating and or expanding T cells specific for a tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
  - (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and
- (c) antigen-presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 1,

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

- 10. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 9.
- 11. A composition comprising a first component selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable carriers and immunostimulants, and a second component selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
  - (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1;
  - (c) antibodies according to claim 5;
  - (d) fusion proteins according to claim 7;
  - (e) T cell populations according to claim 10; and
- (f) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 2.
- 12. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 11.
- 13. A method for the treatment of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 11.

- 14. A method for determining the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
  - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with an oligonucleotide according to claim 8;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
- (d) compare the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence of the cancer in the patient.
- 15. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 8.
- 16. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one antibody according to claim 5 and a detection reagent, wherein the detection reagent comprises a reporter group.
- 17. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) incubating CD4+ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of: (i) polypeptides according to claim 2; (ii) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and (iii) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of claim 2, such that T cell proliferate;
- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells,

and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

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